

ANTI BULLYING POLICY



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LFCD statement on bullying

Landau Forte College Derby is a school where each individual is entitled to and receives respect. The staff, governors, students and parents will work together to create a climate of positive relationships, care and mutual respect, through all aspects of school life. This school is a place where every person has the right to be themselves and to be included in a safe and happy environment. Everyone at our school is equal and should be treated with respect.

Aims and purposes of the policy

Bullying of any kind is unacceptable and will not be tolerated at LFCD. At our school the safety, welfare and well-being of all students and staff is a key priority. We take all incidences of bullying seriously and it is our duty as a whole school community to take measures to prevent and tackle any bullying, harassment or discrimination.

We actively promote the values of respect and equality and work to ensure that difference and diversity are celebrated across the whole school community. We want to enable our students to become responsible citizens and to prepare them for life in 21st century UK. These values reflect those that will be expected of our students and by society when they leave school and enter the world of work or further study.

We are committed to improving our school's approach to tackling bullying by regularly monitoring, reviewing and assessing the impact of our preventative measures.

1. Definition of bullying

Bullying is hurtful or unkind behaviour which is deliberate and repeated. Bullying can be carried out by an individual or a group of people towards another individual or group, where the bully or bullies hold more power than those being bullied.

The nature of bullying can be:

- **Physical** – such as hitting or physically intimidating someone, or using inappropriate or unwanted physical contact towards someone
- **Attacking property** – such as damaging, stealing or hiding someone's possessions
- **Verbal** – such as name calling, spreading rumours about someone, using derogatory or offensive language or threatening someone
- **Psychological** – such as deliberately excluding or ignoring people
- **Cyber** – such as using text, email or other social media to write or say hurtful things about someone

Bullying can be based on any of the following things:

- **Race (racist bullying)**
- **Religion or belief**

- **Culture or class**
- **Gender**
- **Sexual orientation (homophobic or biphobic bullying)**
- **Gender identity (transphobic bullying)**
- **Special Educational Needs (SEN) or disability**
- **Appearance or health conditions**
- **Related to home or other personal situation**

No form of bullying will be tolerated and all incidents will be taken seriously.

2. Reporting bullying

Students who are being bullied: If a student is being bullied they are encouraged not to retaliate but to tell someone they trust about it such as a friend, family member or a trusted adult. They should report any bullying incidents in school:

- Report to a member of staff, Personal Tutor, senior member of staff, Head of Year, any other teacher or member of staff
- Call Childline to speak with someone in confidence on 0800 1111

Reporting – roles and responsibilities

Students: Students should not take part in any kind of bullying and should watch out for the potential signs of bullying among their peers. Students should never be bystanders to incidents of bullying. If students witness bullying they should support the victim, encourage them to report the bullying and, if possible, accompany them to tell a trusted adult.

Staff: All school staff, both teaching and support have a duty to report bullying, to be vigilant to the signs of bullying and to play an active role in the school's effort to prevent bullying. If staff are aware of bullying, they should reassure the students involved and inform the relevant member of the pastoral team.

Senior Staff: Executive Team and Principal have overall responsibility for ensuring that the anti-bullying policy is followed by all members of staff and that the school upholds its duty to promote the safety and well-being of all members of the school community. In addition to the pastoral team, the Director of Student Support is the leader responsible for this policy.

Parents and Carers: Parents and carers should look out for potential signs of bullying such as distress, lack of concentration, feigning illness or other unusual behaviour. Parents and carers should tell their child not to retaliate and support and encourage them to report the bullying. Parents and carers can report an incident of bullying to the school either in person, or by phoning 01332 204040 or emailing the school office post@landau-forte.org.uk.

3. Responding to bullying

When bullying has been reported, the following actions will be taken:

- Staff will record the bullying on the SIMS reporting system
- Designated school staff will monitor information recorded on SIMS analysing and evaluating the results
- Designated school staff will produce termly reports summarising the information, which will be shared with the governing body at the Achievement and Standards Committee meeting
- Support will be offered to those who are the target of bullying from the Student Support Team, including Heads of Year, Personal Tutors and other relevant staff
- Staff will assess whether parents and carers need to be involved
- Staff will assess whether any other authorities (such as police or the local authority) need to be involved, particularly where actions take place outside of school

4. Bullying outside of school

Bullying is unacceptable and will not be tolerated, whether it takes place inside or outside of school. Bullying can take place on the way to, and from school, before or after school hours, at the weekends or during the holidays, or in the wider community. The nature of cyber bullying in particular mean that it can impact on students' well-being beyond the school day. Students, staff, parents and carers must be vigilant to bullying outside of school and report and respond according to their responsibilities as outlined in this policy.

5. Derogatory language

Derogatory or offensive language is not acceptable and will not be tolerated. This type of language can take any of the forms of bullying listed in our definition of bullying. It will be challenged by staff and recorded and monitored on SIMS. If appropriate, follow up actions and sanctions will be issued to students and staff found using any such language.

6. Prejudice-based incidents

A prejudice-based incident is a one-off incident of unkind or hurtful behaviour that is motivated by a prejudice or negative attitudes, beliefs or views towards a protected characteristic, or minority group. It can be targeted towards an individual or group of people and have a significant impact on those targeted. All prejudice-based incidents are taken seriously and recorded and monitored in school. The Director of Student Support will regularly report any incidents to the Governors' Education Committee.

7. School initiatives to prevent and tackle bullying

We use a range of measures to prevent and tackle bullying including:

- The Learning for Life programmes of study include opportunities for students to understand about different types of bullying and what they can do to respond and prevent bullying
- Tutor time provides regular opportunities to discuss issues that may arise in class and for form tutors to target specific interventions
- Year Group House assemblies help raise students' awareness of bullying and derogatory language
- Difference and diversity are celebrated across the school through diverse displays, books and images. The whole school participates in events including Anti-bullying week, Holocaust Memorial Day, Black History month, LGBT month
- Stereotypes are challenged by staff and students across the school
- Restorative justice is used by the pastoral team to provide support to targets of bullying and those who show bullying behaviour
- Working with parents and carers to tackle bullying where appropriate

8. Training

The Director of Student Support is responsible for ensuring that all school staff, both teaching and non-teaching, receive regular training on all aspects of the anti-bullying policy.

9. Monitoring and reviewing

The Director of Student Support is responsible for reporting to the governing body, how the policy is being enforced and upheld. The governors in turn are responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the policy via in-school discussions between the Designated Safeguarding Lead and the Designated Safeguarding Governor, with input from the Director of Student Support.

Appendix One

Student-friendly Anti-Bullying Policy

LFCD statement on bullying

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What is bullying?

Bullying is hurtful or unkind behaviour which is deliberate and repeated. Bullying can be done by one person or by a group of people towards another person or a group of people, where the bully or bullies hold more power than those being bullied.

What does bullying look like?

Bullying can be:

- **Hitting or threatening to hit someone**
- **Touching someone inappropriately or without their consent**
- **Calling someone names or spreading rumours or gossip about someone**
- **Stealing, hiding or damaging someone's property**
- **Deliberately ignoring someone or leaving them out**
- **Sending hurtful or unkind texts, emails or online messages to or about someone**

Remember that bullying isn't just physical and it can happen outside or inside school. If someone is deliberately and repeatedly being hurtful or unkind towards you or someone else, whatever that looks like or for whatever reason, it is bullying.

What kinds of bullying can happen?

Bullying can be based on any of the following things:

- **Race or ethnicity (racist bullying)**
- **Religion or belief**
- **Culture or family background**
- **Gender (sexist bullying)**
- **Sexual orientation (homophobic or biphobic bullying)**
- **Gender identity (transphobic bullying)**
- **Special education needs or disability**

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- **Appearance or health condition**
 - **Home or other persona situation**

Not every type of bullying is on this list. If someone is deliberately and repeatedly being hurtful or unkind towards you, or whatever reason, that is bullying.

What should I do if I'm being bullied or someone else is being bullied?

It is really important to report bullying. It won't make the situation worse and it will help to stop the bullying whether it is happening to you or to someone else. If you know that someone is being bullied, try to reassure and support them, tell them that what is happening is wrong and help them to tell a trusted adult. There are many different ways to report bullying:

- Tell a member of staff, such as your Personal Tutor, your Head of Year, your Learning Support Assistant or any member of staff in the school
- You can call ChildLine at any time for free on 0800 1111 to speak to a counsellor. Remember your call will be confidential which means they will not tell anyone else about what you have said

School staff will make sure that the bullying is recorded and taken seriously and will follow up to support you or the person being bullied. They will also act to sort out the situation with the bully and any others involved.

Appendix Two

Glossary of Key Terms

Homophobic bullying is bullying that is based on prejudice or negative attitudes, beliefs or views about lesbian, gay or bi people. Homophobic bullying may be targeted at students who are, or who are perceived to be, lesbian, gay or bi. It can also suggest that someone or something is less worthy because they are lesbian, gay or bi. Homophobic bullying is also often targeted at students who have lesbian, gay or bi family members, and students who do not conform to gender stereotypes or are seen to be 'different' in some way.

Biphobic bullying is based on prejudice or negative attitudes, beliefs or views specifically about bisexual people. Biphobic bullying may be targeted at students who are openly bisexual, those who are questioning their sexual orientation, or students who are suspected of being bisexual. Biphobic bullying may target students with negative stereotyping (for examples suggesting that they are greedy) or assume that being bisexual is a phase.

Transphobic bullying is based on prejudice or negative attitudes, views or beliefs about trans people. Transphobic bullying affects young people who are trans but can also affect those questioning their gender identity as well as students who are not trans but do not conform to gender stereotypes.

Homophobic language – This could be the casual derogatory use of the word 'gay' to mean something negative or the use of explicit homophobic terms.

Sexist language – There are often similarities between homophobic, biphobic and transphobic bullying and sexist language, bullying or attitudes. Sometimes a language or bullying incident may fit into more than one category. For example, the word 'girl' is sometimes used to mean that something or someone is rubbish or less worthy.